# Exercise & Sports Biomechanics Dr. Rahul Tiwari

# High performance Analyst – Biomechanics, SAI Netaji Subhas National Institute of Sports, Patiala (PB)

Week 07 Lecture 34 Timing Gates

[So, if we have a question like why timing gates over the other methods?]

The timing gates are preferred over the other methods like the manual stopwatches or the video analysis due to their precision, reliability and ease of use. They are essential for athletes and coaches seeking accurate and objective performance data to optimize framing and competition strategies. Talking about this point one by one:

# Accuracy:

The timing gates provide highly accurate measurement often due to often down to the milliseconds, which is crucial for assessing athletes performance.

# Consistency:

They offer consistent result across the different trials and the conditions reducing variability in measurements. The ease of use Timing gates are easy to set up and use requiring minimal training for the operators.

#### Real-time feedback:

They provide immediate feedback allowing athletes and coaches to make instant adjustment during training sessions.

### Objectivity:

Timing gates eliminate human error and bias providing objective data for performance analysis.

### Versatility:

They can be used in various sports and training scenarios, making them a versatile tool for performance measurement.

# The data integration:

The data collected can be easily integrated with software for detailed analysis and tracking of progress over time.

# Talking about data collection and analysis:

The timing gates collect various types of data, including split time, speed, and acceleration. This data can be analyzed using specialized software to provide insights into an athlete's

performance. By examining this matrix, coaches and athletes can identify areas for improvement and track progress over time.

# **Application in sports:**

The timing gates are versatile and can be used in a variety of sports. In track and field, they are used to measure split times. In soccer and football, they help assess players' speed and agility. In rugby, they can be used to measure sprint speed and acceleration over distance. Over short distances. Like in track and field, the sprint start analysis with the electronic starting block can be done very easily. The photo finish camera resolves close finishes, and the laser and RFID system are used for split time analysis in events like swimming. The touchpad ensures accurate finish timings.

The underwater cameras integrated with the timing data analyze stock efficiently. And the electronic pace clock assists in training. In events like cycling, the GPS-based telemetry measures pacing and acceleration. The RFID tags track lap time and segment performance. The power meters synchronize with the timing data to access energy output.

In team events like soccer, basketball, and rugby, the electronic performance tracking system called EPTS monitors the player's speed and movement. Technologies like Hawkeye assist in goal-line and out-of-bounds decisions. The accelerometer and the gyroscope provide biomechanical insights. In events like motorsports, the laser timing gates measure acceleration and braking efficiency. The GPS and onboard sensors provide lap time data. The telemetry system allows real-time performance monitoring.

### Limitations and challenges of electronic timing gates:

While timing gates offer numerous advantages, it is important to be aware of their limitations and challenges. Cost and environmental factors can impact their use, and proper setup and maintenance are essential for accurate data collection. Despite these challenges, the benefits of using timing gates often outweigh the drawbacks, making them a valuable tool in sports science.

### The limitations:

The first one is cost. Definitely, yeah. So, timing gates, especially dual-beam systems, can be expensive. This cost may be a barrier for smaller organizations or individual athletes.

#### Environmental factors:

Wind, sunlight, and other environmental factors can interfere with the infrared beams, leading to inaccurate readings or false triggers. Objects other than the athletes, such as birds or debris, can interrupt the beam and cause false triggers, affecting data accuracy.

### Setup complexity:

Proper setup and alignment of the gates are crucial for accurate measurement. Incorrect setup can lead to unreliable data.

# Calibration requirement:

Regular calibration is necessary to maintain accuracy. Failure to calibrate can result in inconsistent measurements.

# Data management:

Handling and analyzing large amounts of data can be challenging. Ensuring data integrity and security is essential.

Portability While generally portable, dual-beam systems with additional components can be more cumbersome to transport and set up. The technological dependencies. Reliance on technology means that any malfunction or software issue can disrupt data collection and analysis.

Let us have a case study for improving sprint time in track athletes. So, a group of 30 track athletes was divided into two groups:

One using timing gates for training and the other using traditional stopwatches. Both groups underwent an eight-week training program focused on improving sprint performance. The sprint times were recorded weekly using timing gates for the experimental group and stopwatches for the control group. As a result, The group using timing gates showed a significant improvement in sprint time compared to that of the control group. The athletes in the timing gates group improved their 100-meter dash time by an average of 0.5 seconds, while the control group improved by only 0.2 seconds.

The use of timing gates provided more consistent and accurate feedback, allowing athletes to make precise adjustments to their techniques and training regimen. In conclusion, the study demonstrated that timing gates are a valuable tool for improving sprint performance in track athletes. The immediate and accurate feedback provided by the timing gates helped athletes identify areas for improvement and track their progress effectively. Let us have some more case-based examples. So, like the fastest man on Earth, Usain Bolt. So, Usain Bolt's sprint performance analysis. So, the electronic starting blocks measured his reaction time in the 2009 World Championship, where he set the world record. The laser timing gates captured his acceleration phase and top speeds. The motion capture system analyzed his stride frequency and ground contact time.

In the case of Michael Phelps' swimming efficiency, the touchpad timing system recorded his split time and turn efficiency. The underwater motion capture helped redefine his dolphin kick technique. And the wearable sensors monitored stroke rate and pacing consistency. In events like the Tour de France, they use GPS-based timing. So, the GPS transponder tracked real-time positioning of cyclists.

The data was used to analyze climbing speed and drafting effectiveness. The power meters and heart rate monitors correlated exertion with the timing results. Technologies like Hawkeye in tennis, used in the 2019 Wimbledon final, confirmed crucial line calls, analyzed player movement patterns, and reaction times. It provides instant replay data to assist referees and players. Other technologies, like football goal-line technology, are implemented in the FIFA World Cup to determine goal validity.

The high-speed cameras recorded the exact ball position, and the instant feedback helped referees make accurate decisions. Some more benefits of training and research using timing gates include enhancing the training program by providing real-time feedback to athletes and coaches, and designing sport-specific drills based on time-based data. It also monitors progression and performance trends over time. Other benefits include improving competition fairness. By using timing gates, it ensures accurate race results and rankings. It reduces the possibility of human error in judging. And enhances reliability in timing during high-stakes competitions. Timing gates have benefits of advancing sports science research, such as aiding in biomechanical studies for injury prevention. They facilitate movement pattern analysis for different sports and assist in the development of sport-specific performance metrics.

# **Future trends in timing gates:**

They could include AI-generated real-time analysis. Machine learning algorithms predicting performance trends could be the next possibility in timing aids. AI-powered motion tracking to enhance movement efficiency studies could also be included in upcoming advanced timing gate systems.

In case of wearable technologies and the biomechanical sensors, the smart wearable with embedded timing system could be the next we can see in the technologies. And the continuous monitoring of athlete biometrics and the movement pattern could be very easy if we use such technologies with our athletes. The virtual and the augmented reality in training is already included. But with the timing gates, the time stimulations for the tackling training in various sports could be beneficial for the athletes. And that definitely enhances the visualization and the strategy development for the athletes and even for the coaches.

The timing gate systems are Indispensable in modern sports biomechanics from improving training methodologies to ensure fair competitions. These technologies provide valuable insight into human performance. As advancement continues, the integration of AI, wearable sensors and the real-time data analytics will further revolutionize the sports science and the athlete performance. So, just to wrap up the session, how can you do the setup of a timing gate like? We want to choose a location. So, ensure the setup is stable and secure to prevent accident or the injuries. Keep the area clear of obstacles that could interference with the athlete's path or the infrared beams. The safety is paramount to avoid any potential hazard from training or the competitions. So, after choosing the location, position your gates, then set up a photocell that should be connected to the hub, and the reflector should be parallel to that of the photocell. Turn the power on, calibrate the system, and complete the test.

In today's market, a wide range of timing gate technologies is available to practitioners. The best of these systems allows practitioners to run a wide range of tests and drills, assess multiple athletes at once, and consolidate testing data into a single platform while remaining affordable, portable, and easy to use. These advancements have simplified the speed testing process to make accurate athlete assessment and training accessible to more practitioners than ever before.

[Thank you, and see you in the next video].